(b) The names and locations of major industrial units of Orissa belonging to 17 heavily polluting categories of industries are given below:

1. Orient Paper Mill Ltd., Brajaraj Nagar.
2. Straw Products Ltd., Jaykarpur.
3. Titagarh Paper Mill, Choudwar.
4. Sewa Paper Mill, Heypore.
5. Central Orissa Straw Board Ltd., Jagatpur.
6. Konark Paper Industries Ltd., Jharia.
7. Emami Paper Mill Ltd., Balgopalpur.
8. Darunei Paper Mill Ltd., Asurali.
9. Spa Paper Mill Ltd., Bolangir.
10. Jypore Sugar Co., Rayagada.
11. Aska Co-operative Sugar Mills and Distillery, Sugar Unit, Aska.
12. Bargarh Co-operative Sugar Industries, Bargarh.
13. Nayagarh Co-operative Sugar Industries, Nayagarh.
14. Badamba Co-operative Sugar Industries, Badamba.
15. Jeypore Sugar Co. (Distillery Unit), Rayagada.
16. Suidhi Distillery, Lathikata.
17. Umeri Distillery, Koraput.
18. East Coast Breweries and Distilleries Ltd., Paradeep.
19. East Coast Fertilisers and Chemicals, Kalma.
20. Paradeep Phosphate Ltd., Paradeep.
21. Fertilizer Corporation of India, Talcher.
22. Rourkela Steel Plant (Fertilizer Unit), Rourkela.
23. Rourkela Steel Plant (Sulphuric Acid Plant), Rourkela.
24. Paradeep Phosphate Ltd., (Sulphuric Acid Plant), Paradeep.
25. Jayshree Chemical Ltd., Ganjam.
26. Orissa Textile Mills Ltd., Choudwar.
27. Coastal Synthetics Ltd., Balgopalpur.
28. Spinning Mills.
29. NALCO (Refinery unit), Damanjodi.
30. Indian Aluminium Company, Hirakud.
31. NALCO (Smelter Unit), Angul.
32. Belpahar Refractories Ltd., Belpahar.
33. Orissa Cement Ltd., (Refractory Unit), Rajgangpur.
34. Orissa Industries Ltd., Lathiketa.
35. Ipitata Pvt. Ltd. Dhenkanal.
36. Hindustan Aeronautcs Ltd., Sunabeda.
37. Larsen and Toubro Ltd., Kansbahal.
38. Nicco Orissa Ltd., Baripada.
39. Hirakud Industrial Works, Hirakud.

(c) and (d) The Orissa State Pallution Control Board has directed all the polluting industries to conform to the standards within a time frame and the progress of pollution control is monitored regularly. The industries are implementing a time bound programme to instal the necessary pollution control device. Legal action has been initiated by the State Board against the defaulting units, which have not taken any steps to instal the necessary pollution control facilities.

Illegal Poaching of Animals

160. SHRI O. P. KOHLI: Will the MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the High Court of Delhi had asked Government to set

up a committee to suggest ways and means to safeguard the country's natural heritage as illegal poaching activties are continuing unabatedly in the country reducing the number of Rhinos, Elephants, Tigers, etc.;

(b) if so, whether any committee has been set up and has given any report and if so, the details thereof and the action taken thereon;

(c) the number of poachers arrested in the country in the last two years and the section taken against them;

(d) the number of skins of animals seized by Government in the last two years and from whom and what action was taken against them;

(e) whether the Court had also given instructions to strengthen the protective network around the sanctuaries and national parks; and

(f) if so, whether these instructions have been carried out; if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Government has filed a review petition which is under consideration of the Hon'ble Court.

(c) and (d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

(e) Yes, Sir.

(f) No, Sir. This falls under the purview of the concerned State Governments.

कस्तूरी मृग का विलोपन

161. **श्री गोविंदराव आदिक** : क्या **पर्यावरण और वन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि कस्तूरी मृग की प्रजातियां विलुप्त हो रही हैं; और

(ख) सरकार इस वन्य प्राणी को बचाने के लिए क्या कदम उठाने का विचार रखती है ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री कमलनाथ) : (क) जी, नहीं। तथापि, यह एक संकटापन्न यप्रजाति हैं।

(ख) इस प्रजाति और इसके वास स्थलों को बचाने के लिए सरकार द्वारा उठाए गये कदमों में निम्नलिखित शामिल हैं :–

1. जिन अभयारण्यों में इस प्रजाति के वासस्थल हैं, उनके विकास के लिए केन्द्रीय सहायता प्रदान की जा रही है ;

2. इस प्रजाति को वन्यजीव (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1972 की अनुसूची–I में रखा गया है जिससे इसको कानून के तहत अधिकतम सुरक्षा प्रदान की जाती है ;

3. कानून के तहत इस प्रजाति के शिकार पर पूर्ण प्रतिबंध है और उल्लघन के लिए कठोर दण्ड की व्यवस्था है ;

4. भारत सरकार ने जगंली जानवरों के चोरी-छिपे शिकार करने की सूचना देने के लिए पुरस्कार देने की एक स्कीम शुरू की है ;

5. कस्तूरी मृग के बन्दी अवस्था में प्रजनन को बढावा दिया जा रहा है।

Classification of coastal areas of the country

162. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT